

Application for CME credit has been filed with the American Academy of Family Physicians. Determination of credit is pending

THIS WEBCAST IS FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION CERTIFICATION ONLY. THE PRESENTERS CONTRACTUALLY CONFIRM THAT THEIR PARTICIPATION DOES NOT PRESENT ANY CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.

PREGNANCY AND ORAL HEALTH CARE

Nate Mandelman, MD Ron Salyk, DDS Morris Heights Health Center Bronx, NY

OVERVIEW OF PREGNANT PATIENT

- Pregnant patient has special dental needs
- Pregnant condition makes many dental providers nervous
- The major tendency of dentists is to undertreat
- An agreed upon body of knowledge can guide the dentist

OVERVIEW OF THIS PRESENTATION

- Medical/physiological changes in pregnant patient
- Special oral health needs of pregnant patient
- Pregnancy and common medications used in dentistry (Antibiotics, Anesthetics, Analgesics)
- X-RAYS AND PREGNANCY
- Suggested protocol for treatment, by trimester
- Consults

RECENT REFERENCE

Good recent overview of all these topics:

NEW YORK STATE DENTAL JOURNAL JANUARY 2004

MEDICAL/PHYSIOLOGICAL CHANGES

- Hormonal changes
- Changes in immune response
- Increased gingivitis/bleeding
- Increased susceptibility to infection
- Gestational diabetes
- Pregnancy "tumors"

MEDICAL/PHYSIOLOGICAL CHANGES

- Increased caries susceptibility?
- (diet changes-increased sugar?)
- (poor hygiene-pain/bleeding?)
- (a tooth lost for each pregnancy?)
- Relationship between periodontal disease and low birth weight??????????????

SPECIAL ORAL HEALTH NEEDS

- Tooth loss and gum disease is not normal
- Hygiene instruction for home care
- Prophy/scaling for all
- Chlorhexidine/H202 OK for pregnant

SPECIAL ORAL HEALTH NEEDS

- Educational opportunity- mother and baby
- Baby-diet, gauze wipe, fluoride (water)
- Mom-original S. mutans comes from mom
- Her hygiene protects her child

MEDICATIONS-ANTIBIOTICS

- General Rule-Minimize medications
- (extreme examples-thalidomide, DES)
- Despite this rule, treat pain and infection
- Pregnancy should not mean that infection is not treated, pain is not relieved or obvious dental need is not taken care of
- What specific antibiotic recommendations/contraindications exist?

MEDICATIONS-ANTIBIOTICS

- AVOID: TETRACYCLINE FAMILY
- AVOID: ERYTHROMYCIN <u>ESTOLATE</u>
- AVOID: METRONIDAZOLE (DENTAL USE)
- MOST COMMON DENTAL ANTIBIOTICS ARE SAFE

MEDICATIONS-ANTIBIOTICS

- PEN V, AMOXICILLIN, AMPICILLIN, CLINDAMYCIN, CEPHALOSPORINS
 ERYTHROMYCIN (EXCEPT ESTOLATE)=CATEGORY B
- CLARITHROMYCIN= CATEGORY C
- YOU CAN PREMEDICATE AND TREAT INFECTIONS SAFELY

MEDICATIONS-ANALGESICS

- ASPIRIN / ASA- AVOID, ESP. 3RD TRIM (C/D)
- IBUPROFEN / MOTRIN- AVOID, ESP. 3RD TRIMESTER (B/D)
- NAPROXEN / NAPROSYN- AVOID, ESP. 3RD TRIMESTER (B/D)
- DIFLUNISAL / DOLOBID- AVOID, ESP. 3RD TRIMESTER (C/D)

MEDICATIONS-ANALGESICS

- TYLENOL / ACETAMINOPHEN-BEST FOR MILD TO MODERATE PAIN
- **STRONGER? TYLENOL 3 (wt. CODEINE)**
- VICODIN (TYLENOL WITH HYDROCODONE)
- DEMEROL / MEPERIDINE

MEDICATIONS-ANESTHETICS

- THORNY AREA WITH SOME
 DISAGREEMENT
- NO DEFINITIVE STANDARD
- MAIN ISSUE-MEPIVICAINE (CARBO) 3% WITHOUT VASOCONSTRICTOR VS. LIDOCAINE 2% WITH EPI. 1:100,000
- DOES EPI STIMULATE UTERINE MUSCLE?
- CONCENTRATION? IN BLOODSTREAM?

Lidocaine vs. mepivicaine

- Category B
- 2%
- Epi will keep it local
- Less likely to re-inject
- Less drug of better category
- Uterine muscle effect?

- Category C
- 3% (50% MORE DRUG)
- Leaves tissue more readily
- More likely to reinject
- More drug of a worse category
- No muscle effect

MEDICATIONS-ANESTHETICS

 MORE EXPERTS ARE LEANING TOWARDS LIDO WT EPI 1:100,000
 SEE NYSDJ JANUARY 2004

NOTE: ARTICAINE 4% CATEGORY C
MARCAINE: CATEGORY C

- MOST FEARED/MISUNDERSTOOD ASPECT
- GENERAL RULE-MINIMIZE X=RADIATION
- GENERAL RULE-YOU CAN'T TREAT MUCH WITHOUT X-RAYS!
- CAN YOU EXTRACT? DEEP EXCAVATION? ENDO?

- SENSIBLE PLAN: TAKE NEEDED X-RAYS
- POSTPONE FULL MOUTH SERIES
- POSTPONE ROUTINE RECALL BW'S (SOME DISAGREEMENT ON THIS)
- NOTE IN CHART: PREGNANT PATIENT X-RAYS TO BE TAKEN AFTER BIRTH-INFORM PATIENT

- WORST TRIMESTER= FIRST
- SINGLE DENTAL FILM, COLLIMATED TUBE, AIMED AT HEAD, LEAD APRON *RADIATION EXPOSURE IS ALMOST UNDETECTABLE!*
- BALANCE X-RAY RISK VS. RISK OF NOT TREATING INFECTION AND PAIN OR BAD DIAGNOSIS WITHOUT FILM

YOU MAY BE X-RAYING PRÈGNANT PATIENTS ALREADY HAS PATIENT MISSED A PERIOD? ASK, POST NOTES AND SIGNS, MEDICAL HISTORY URINE PREGNANCY TEST ON SITE?

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS CONSENSUS ????????

- PRE-PREGNANCY AND EARLY PREGNANCY COUNSELLING-INCLUDE A DENTAL COMPONENT
- PROPHY/HYGIENE IN ALL TRIMESTERS
- PAIN/INFECTION TREAT IN ALL TIMESTERS
- TREAT DEEP CARIES LIKELY TO BECOME PROBLEMATIC

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS CONSENSUS ????????

- SECOND TRIMESTER-BEST FOR GENERAL RESTORATIVE
- FIRST TRIMESTER-WORST FOR CHEMICALS AND RADIATION
- THIRD TRIMESTER-KEEP APPTS. SHORT, CHAIR POSITION MAY BE PROBLEMATIC
- BETTER LEANING ON LEFT SIDE

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS CONSENSUS ????????

- NO CONTRAINDICATIONS FOR DENTAL RESTORATIVE MATERIALS, INCLUDING AMALGAM
- RECOMMEND POSTPONING TRULY ELECTIVE AND INVASIVE PROCEDURES-3RD MOLAR EXTRACTIONS, CROWN AND BRIDGE, PERIO SURGERY......

CONSULTS

- NOT GENERALLY NECESSARY FOR HEALTHY PREGNANT PATIENTS
- IF NEEDED, *BE SPECIFIC ON PROCEDURE PLANNED, MEDICATIONS PLANNED, ETC.*
- OTHER REASONS FOR CONSULT?

QUESTIONS???

I THINK WE'VE STIRRED UP ENOUGH ISSUES..... To register for upcoming CDN webcasts, go to <u>www.CDNetwork.org</u> and click on "webcast registration"

Upcoming Webcasts Include:

Teaching Health Professions to Students in Community Health Centers

To receive email announcements of our upcoming webcasts, send an email to <u>CME@CDNetwork.org</u> with "subscribe" in the subject line

For more information about participating in CDN's VitaGrant project:

Please contact Anya Romanowski at: 212-382-0699 ext. 244 or aroman@CDNetwork.org